### SONOMA COUNTY AGRICULTURAL PRESERVATION AND OPEN SPACE DISTRICT

## MEMORANDUM ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND REQUIRED COMMUNICATIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

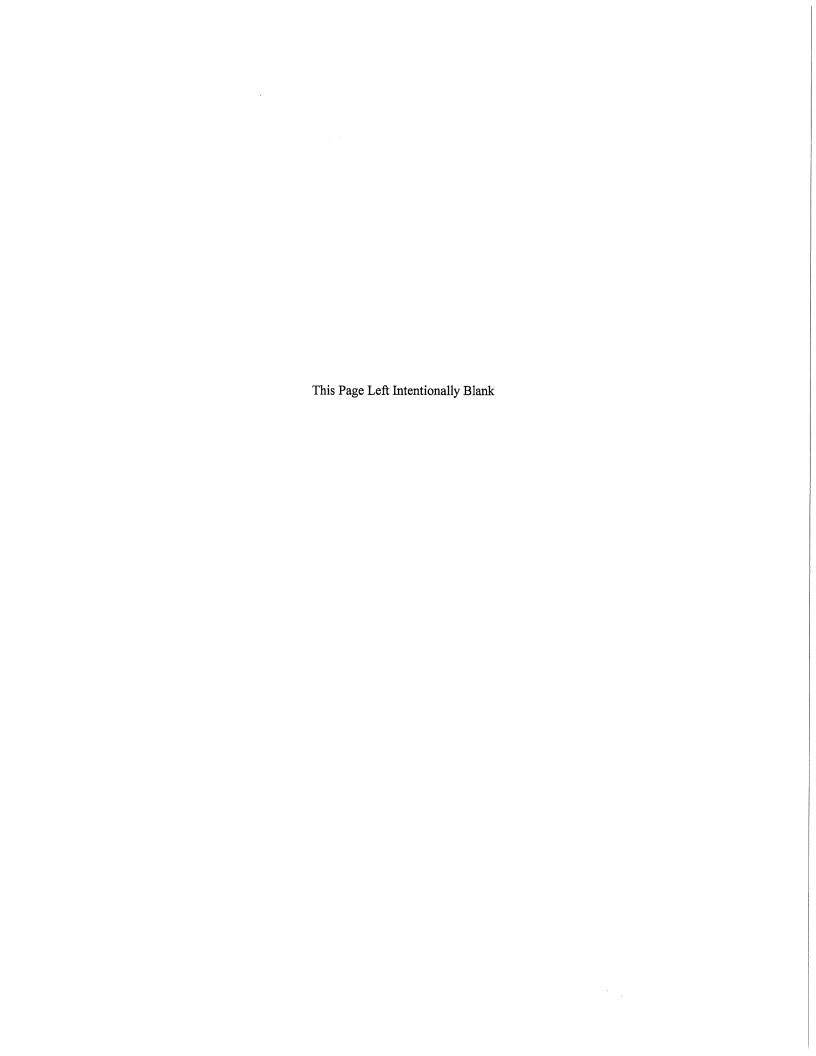


# SONOMA COUNTY AGRICULTURAL PRESERVATION AND OPEN SPACE DISTRICT MEMORANDUM ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND REQUIRED COMMUNICATIONS

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

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#### MEMORANDUM ON INTERNAL CONTROL

Board of Directors Sonoma County Agricultural Preservation and Open Space District Santa Rosa, California

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Sonoma County Agricultural Preservation and Open Space District (The District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and have issued our report thereon dated August 30, 2013. In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of the District, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and, therefore, there can be no assurance that all such deficiencies have been identified. In addition, because of inherent limitations in internal control, including the possibility of management override of controls, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected by such controls. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, Board of Directors, others within the organization, and agencies and pass-through entities requiring compliance with generally accepted government auditing standards, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

\*\*Tayle + Associates\*\*

Pleasant Hill, California

August 30, 2013



#### REQUIRED COMMUNICATIONS

August 30, 2013

Board of Directors Sonoma County Agricultural Preservation and Open Space District Santa Rosa, California

We have audited the basic financial statements of the (District) for the year ended June 30, 2013. Professional standards require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit under generally accepted auditing standards.

### **Significant Audit Findings**

### Accounting Policies

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the District are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. The following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements became effective, but did not have a material effect on the financial statements:

### GASB 60 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements

The objective of this proposed Statement is to establish accounting and financial reporting requirements for service concession arrangements (SCAs), which are a type of public-private or public-public partnership arrangement. SCAs include, but are not limited to:

- a. Arrangements in which the operator will design and build a facility and will obtain the right to collect fees from third parties (for example, construction of a municipal complex for the right to lease a portion of the facility to third parties)
- b. Arrangements in which the operator will provide an up-front payment or a series of payments in exchange for the right to access an existing facility (for example, a parking garage) and collect fees from third parties for its usage
- c. Arrangements in which the operator will design and build a facility (for example, a new tollway), finance the construction costs, provide the associated services, collect the associated fees, and convey the facility to the government at the end of the arrangement.

### GASB 62 - <u>Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November</u> 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements

This Statement also supersedes Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, thereby eliminating the election provided in paragraph 7 of that Statement for enterprise funds and business-type activities to apply post-November 30, 1989 FASB Statements and Interpretations that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. However, those entities can continue to apply, as other accounting literature, post-November 30, 1989 FASB pronouncements that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, including this Statement.

### GASB 64 - <u>Derivative Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination Provisions, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 53</u>

Some governments have entered into interest rate swap agreements and commodity swap agreements in which a swap counterparty, or the swap counterparty's credit support provider, commits or experiences either an act of default or a termination event as both are described in the swap agreement. Many of those governments have replaced their swap counterparty, or swap counterparty's credit support providers, either by amending existing swap agreements or by entering into new swap agreements. When these swap agreements have been reported as hedging instruments, questions have arisen regarding the application of the termination of hedge accounting provisions in Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments. Those provisions require a government to cease hedge accounting upon the termination of the hedging derivative instrument, resulting in the immediate recognition of the deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources as a component of investment income.

The objective of this Statement is to clarify whether an effective hedging relationship continues after the replacement of a swap counterparty or a swap counterparty's credit support provider. This Statement sets forth criteria that establish when the effective hedging relationship continues and hedge accounting should continue to be applied.

The following pronouncements became effective, and required a format change in the Statement of Net Assets and certain nomenclature revisions in the footnotes accompanying the financial statements

### GASB 63 - <u>Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and</u> Net Position

This Statement provides financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. <u>Concepts Statement No. 4</u>, <u>Elements of Financial Statements</u>, introduced and defined those elements as a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, and an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, respectively. Previous financial reporting standards do not include guidance for reporting those financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities.

<u>Concepts Statement 4</u> also identifies net position as the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of financial position. This Statement amends the net asset reporting requirements in <u>Statement No. 34</u>, <u>Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments</u>, and other pronouncements by incorporating deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources into the definitions of the required components of the residual measure and by renaming that measure as net position, rather than net assets.

### Unusual Transactions, Controversial or Emerging Areas

We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

#### Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the District's financial statements are as follows:

Management's estimate of depreciation is based on useful lives determined by management. These lives have been determined by management based on the expected useful life of assets. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the depreciation estimate and determined that it is reasonable in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Accrued compensated absences is estimated using accumulated unpaid leave hours and hourly pay rates in effect at the end of the fiscal year. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the accrued compensated absences and determined that it is reasonable in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

#### **Disclosures**

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

### Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

### Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

### Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

### Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in a management representation letter dated August 30, 2013.

### Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

### Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

### Other Information Accompanying the Financial Statements

With respect to the supplementary information accompanying the financial statements, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

With respect to the required supplementary information accompanying the financial statements, applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not express an opinion nor provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Introductory Sections and other Supplementary Introduction Sections included as part of the Basic Financial Statements have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we did not express an opinion nor provide any assurance on them.

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This information is intended solely for the use of the Board and management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Mage & Associates

